Year 7 MFL (French and Spanish) Term 4 Les animaux/los animales (Animals)



Students are practising the four skills (speaking, writing, listening and reading) within the topic of animals in the foreign language, including what they have, likes and dislikes and what pet they would like to have.

Previous topic: Family Next topic: School

Core knowledge/skills/concepts

Grammar: To have, to be Negatives Adjective agreement Use of would like

Vocabulary: Different animals Adjectives to describe animals

Phonics: Alphabet and phonetical principles

Giving opinions: Expressing simple opinions with reasons

Skills: Reading Writing Listening Speaking

Verbe		Animal	Couleur
J'ai (I have)		un cheval (a horse) un chat (a cat)	blanc (white) bleu (blue)
Je n'ai pas de (I don't have)		un chien (a dog) un cochon d'inde (a guinea pig)	brun (brown) gris (grey)
Tu as (you have)		un lapin (a rabbit) un oiseau (a bird) un poisson (a fish) un serpent (a snake)	jaune (yellow) noir (black) rouge (red) vert (green)
Tu n'as pas de (you don't have)	! If saying someone doesn't have an animal, use de and omit un/une		
Il a (He has)		une souris (a mouse) une tortue (a tortoise)	blanche (white) bleue (blue) brune (brown) grise (grey) jaune (yellow) noire (black) rouge (red)
Il n'a pas de (He doesn't have)			
Elle a (She has)			
Elle n'a pas de (She doesn't have)			verte (green)
J'avais (I used to have)		deux tigres (two tigers) quatre chats (four cats)	jaunes noirs blancs Tu as un animal?
J'aimerais avoir (I'd like to have)		trois giraffes (three giraffes) huit tortues (eight tortoises)	jaunes II/elle a un animal? noires blanches

Opinion	Animal	Raison
J'adore J'aime	les chevaux (horses) les chats (cats)	car ils sont animés (because they're lively) car ils sont bruyants (because they're noisy)
beaucoup J'aime	les chiens (dogs) les cochons d'inde (guinea	- · · · ·
Je n'aime pas Je déteste	pigs) les lapins (rabbits) les oiseaux (birds)	car ils sont féroces (because they're ferocious) car ils sont mignons (because they're cute) car ils sont rapides (because they're fast)
Je préfère	les poissons (fish) les serpents (snakes)	<pre>car ils sont timides (because they're timid) car ils sont tranquilles (because they're calm) car ils me font peur (because they scare me)</pre>
	les souris (mice) les tortues (tortoises)	car elles sont animées (because they're lively) car elles sont bruyantes (because they're noisy) car elles sont dangereuses (because they're dangerous) car elles sont ennuyeuses (because they're boring) car elles sont féroces (because they're ferocious)
Tu aimes les	?	car elles sont mignonnes (because they're cute) car elles sont rapides (because they're fast) car elles sont timides (because they're timid) car elles sont tranquilles (because they're calm) car elles me font peur (because they scare me)

Verbo	Animal	Color
Tengo (I have)	un caballo (a horse) un conejillo de indias (a guinea pig)	amarillo azul blanco marrón naranja negro rojo verde
No tengo (I don't have)	un conejo (a rabbit) un gato (a cat) un pájaro (a bird)	
Tienes (you have)	un perro (a dog) un pez (a fish) un ratón (a mouse)	
No tienes (you don't have)	una tortuga (a turtle) una serpiente (a snake)	amarilla azul blanca marrón naranja negra roja verde
Él/ella tiene (He has)		
Él/ella no tiene (He doesn't have)		
Tenía (I used to have)	dos tigres (two tigers) cuatro gatos (three cats)	amarillos azules negros.
Me gustaría tener (I'd like to have)	tres jirafas (three giraffes) ocho tortugas (eight turtles)	amarillas blancas

Opinión	Animal	Razón
Me chiflan (I really love) Me encantan Me gustan mucho Me gustan Prefiero Me dan igual (I'm not fussed by) No me gustan Odio	los caballos (horses) los conejillos de indias (guinea pigs) los conejos (rabbist) los gatos (cats) los pájaros (birds) los perros (dogs) los peces(fish) los ratones (mice) los tigres (tigers)	porque son aburridos (because they're boring) porque son animados (because they're lively) porque son feroces (because they're ferocious) porque son monos (because they're cute) porque son peligrosos (because they're dangerous) porque son rápidos (because they're fast) porque son ruidosos (because they're noisy) porque son tímidos (because they're timid) porque son tranquilos (because they're calm) porque me dan miedo (because they scare me)
	las jirafas (giraffes) las tortugas (turtles) las serpientes (snakes)	porque son aburridas (because they're boring) porque son animadas (because they're lively) porque son feroces (because they're ferocious) porque son monas (because they're cute) porque son peligrosas (because they're dangerous) porque son rápidas (because they're fast) porque son ruidosas (because they're noisy) porque son tímidas (because they're timid) porque son tranquilas (because they're calm) porque me dan miedo (because they scare me)

Year 7 MFL (French and Spanish) Term 1 C'est parti/Vamos (Let's go)



Essential vocabulary

See sentence builders 1-2 for T4

<u>Threshold concepts</u> Adjectival agreement and positioning - including plurals Negations of verbs

Opportunities for reading

Reading texts written for subject topic - 95% comprehensibility to boost confidence in reading in the TL Opportunities for students to read aloud on a regular basis to enable phonics application and for misconceptions to be addressed.

How and when will the core learning be assessed?

Students will undertake 2-3 vocabulary tests over the course of the term to check acquisition of key vocabulary. Students complete a diagnostic translation task to check for understanding of key grammatical concepts. At the end of term, students write sentences from a photo stimulus about what's in the photo.

Links to other topics/subjects

Curriculum 'Glossary' and guidance



Students are learning about..... at this point in Year 7 because...

The 'why this and why now?' question

Previous topic: To support understanding of how the curriculum is sequenced

Next topic:

Core know ledge/skills/concepts

Aspects that must be known without compromise and retained in the long-term memory (think of it as a checklist for teachers and students to work towards securing)

Essential vocabulary

Tier 2 as well as Tier 3 Tier 2= valuable academic words that appear across the school curriculum e.g evaluate, authority, indicate (our 'word of the week' comes for Tier 2 vocabulary lists Tier 3= subject specific vocabulary

Threshold concepts

'Gateway' concepts that are essential for students to be able to progress onto more complex ideas. In other words, they require mastery before moving onto other concepts.

Opportunities for reading

How and when will the core learning be assessed?

Formative assessment to inform responsive teaching and TRIO opportunities as well as summative assessment.

Links to other topics/subjects

(we will create time to come together to really explore these)